

## Free Greatexam Microsoft 70-410 PDF Dumps With New Update Exam Questions(141-150)

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Subnet name
Subnet1
Subnet2
Subnet3
Subnet4

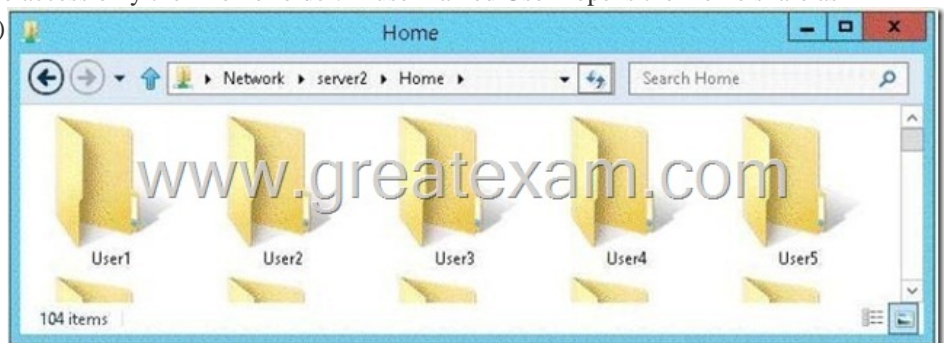
You need to identify which network ID you should use for each subnet. What should you identify? To answer, drag the appropriate network ID to the each subnet in the answer area.

Network IDs	Answer Area
172.23.1.0/26	Subnet1 Network ID
172.23.8.0/22	Subnet2 Network ID
172.23.16.0/25	Subnet3 Network ID
172.23.128.0/23	Subnet4 Network ID

Answer:

Network IDs	Answer Area
172.23.1.0/26	Subnet1 172.23.16.0/25
172.23.8.0/22	Subnet2 172.23.1.0/26
172.23.16.0/25	Subnet3 172.23.8.0/22
172.23.128.0/23	Subnet4 172.23.128.0/23

QUESTION 142 Your network contains an Active Directory domain named adatum.com. The domain contains a file server named Server2 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. Server2 contains a shared folder named Home. Home contains the home folder of each user. All users have the necessary permissions to access only their home folder. A user named User1 opens the Home share as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



You need to ensure that all users see only their own home folder when they access Home. What should you do from Server2? A. From Windows Explorer, modify the properties of Home. B. From Server Manager, modify the properties of the volume that contains Home. C. From Windows Explorer, modify the properties of the volume that contains Home. D. From Server Manager, modify the properties of Home. Answer: D QUESTION 143 You have a server named Server1 that runs a Server Core Installation of Windows Server 2012 R2 Datacenter. You have a WIM file that contains the four images of Windows Server 2012 R2 as shown in the Images exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

```
Administrator: Windows PowerShell
PS C:\> dism /get-imageinfo /imagefile:d:\sources\install.wim

Deployment Image Servicing and Management tool
Version: 6.3.9600.16384

Details for image : d:\sources\install.wim

Index : 1
Name : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERSTANDARDCORE
Description : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERSTANDARDCORE
Size : 6,836,711,203 bytes

Index : 2
Name : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERSTANDARD
Description : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERSTANDARD
Size : 11,676,579,169 bytes

Index : 3
Name : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERDATACENTERCORE
Description : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERDATACENTERCORE
Size : 6,837,191,915 bytes

Index : 4
Name : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERDATACENTER
Description : Windows Server 2012 R2 SERVERDATACENTER
Size : 11,676,661,826 bytes

The operation completed successfully.
PS C:\>
```

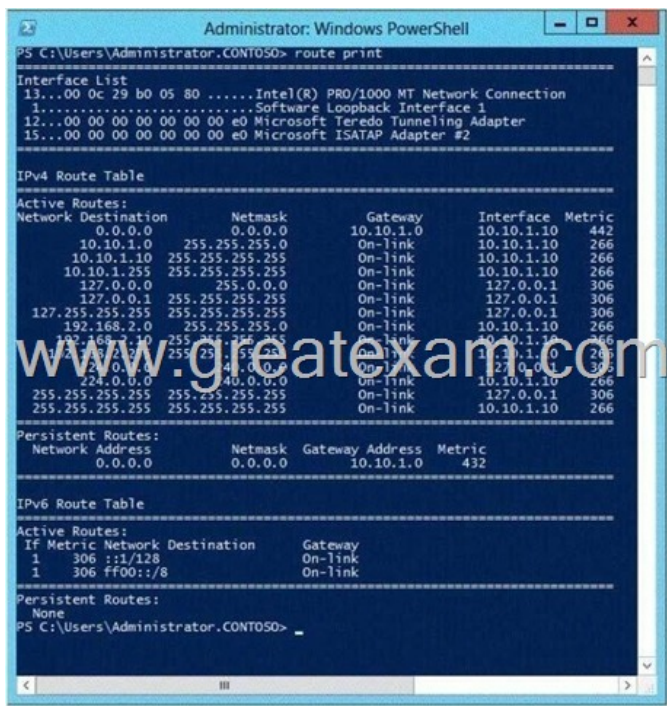
You review the installed features on Server1 as shown in the Features exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

```
Server Features
[ ] Telnet Server
[ ] IFTP Client
[X] User Interfaces and Infrastructure
[ ] Group Policy Management Tools
[ ] Desktop Experience
[ ] Server Graphical Shell
[ ] Windows Biometric Framework
[ ] Windows Feedback Forwarder
[ ] Windows Identity Foundation
```

You need to install the Server Graphical Shell feature on Server1. Which two possible sources can you use to achieve this goal? (Each correct answer presents a complete solution. Choose two.) A. Index 1 B. Index 2 C. Index 3 D. Index 4 Answer: BD QUESTION 144 Your network contains two subnets. The subnets are configured as shown in the following table.

Subnet name	IP address range
LAN1	10.10.10.0/24
LAN2	10.10.20.0/24

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. Server1 is connected to LAN1. You run the route print command as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



You need to ensure that Server1 can communicate with the client computers on LAN2. What should you do? A. Change the default gateway address. B. Set the state of the Teredo interface to disable. C. Change the metric of the 10.10.1.0 route. D. Set the state of the Microsoft ISATAP Adapter #2 interface to disable. Answer: A Explanation: In general, the first and last addresses in a subnet are used as the network identifier and broadcast address, respectively. All other addresses in the subnet can be assigned to hosts on that subnet. For example, IP addresses of networks with subnet masks of at least 24 bits ending in .0 or .255 can never be assigned to hosts. Such "last" addresses of a subnet are considered "broadcast" addresses and all hosts on the corresponding subnet will respond to it. Theoretically, there could be situations where you can assign an address ending in .0: for example, if you have a subnet like 192.168.0.0/255.255.0.0, you are allowed to assign a host the address 192.168.1.0. It could create confusion though, so it's not a very common practice. Example 10.6.43.0 with subnet 255.255.252.0 (22 bit subnet mask) means subnet ID 10.6.40.0, a host address range from 10.6.40.1 to 10.6.43.254 and a broadcast address 10.6.43.255. So in theory, your example 10.6.43.0 would be allowed as a valid host address. The default gateway address should not end in .0 with the /24 address

<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4632> [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IPv4#Addresses\\_ending\\_in\\_0\\_or\\_255](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IPv4#Addresses_ending_in_0_or_255) QUESTION 145 Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2. The domain contains a member server named Server1. Server1 has the File Server server role installed. On Server1, you create a share named Documents. The Documents share will contain the files and folders of all users. You need to ensure that when the users connect to Documents, they only see the files to which they have access. What should you do? A. Modify the NTFS permissions. B. Modify the Share permissions. C. Enable access-based enumeration. D. Configure Dynamic Access Control. Answer: C QUESTION 146 Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. You have a starter Group Policy object (GPO) named GPO1 that contains more than 100 settings. You need to create a new starter GPO based on the settings in GPO1. You must achieve this goal by using the minimum amount of administrative effort. What should you do? A. Run the New-GPStarterGPO cmdlet and the Copy-GPO cmdlet. B. Create a new starter GPO and manually configure the policy settings of the starter GPO. C. Right-click GPO1, and then click Back Up. Create a new starter GPO. Right-click the new GPO, and then click Restore from Backup. D. Right-click GPO1, and then click Copy. Right-click Starter GPOs, and then click Paste. Answer: A Explanation: The New-GPStarterGPO cmdlet creates a Starter GPO with the specified name. If the Starter GPOs folder does not exist in the SYSVOL when the New-GPStarterGPO cmdlet is called, it is created and populated with the eight Starter GPOs that ship with Group Policy. The Copy-GPO cmdlet creates a (destination) GPO and copies the settings from the source GPO to the new GPO. The cmdlet can be used to copy a GPO from one domain to another domain within the same forest. You can specify a migration table to map security principals and paths when copying across domains. You can also specify whether to copy the access control list (ACL) from the source GPO to the destination GPO. <http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee461063.aspx> <http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee461050.aspx> QUESTION 147 Your network contains an Active Directory domain

named contoso.com. The domain contains a member server named Server1. Server1 runs Windows Server 2012 R2 and has the DHCP Server server role installed. You create two IPv4 scopes on Server1. The scopes are configured as shown in the following table.

Scope name	IPv4 scope
Subnet1	192.168.1.0/24
Subnet2	192.168.2.0/24

The DHCP clients in Subnet1 can connect to the client computers in Subnet2 by using an IP address or a FQDN. You discover that the DHCP clients in Subnet2 can connect to client computers in Subnet1 by using an IP address only. You need to ensure that the DHCP clients in both subnets can connect to any other DHCP client by using a FQDN. What should you add? A. The 006 DNS Servers option to Subnet2 B. The 015 DNS Domain Name option to Subnet1 C. The 006 DNS Servers option to Subnet1 D. The 015 DNS Domain Name option to Subnet2 Answer: A Explanation:

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee941136%28v=WS.10%29.aspx> QUESTION 148 Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two servers named Server1 and Server2. Server1 runs Windows Server 2012 R2. Server2 runs Windows Server 2008 R2 Service Pack 1 (SP1) and has the DHCP Server server role installed. You need to manage DHCP on Server2 by using the DHCP console on Server1. What should you do first? A. From Windows PowerShell on Server2, run Enable-PSRemoting cmdlet. B. From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run Install-WindowsFeature. C. From Windows Firewall with Advanced Security on Server2, create an inbound rule. D. From Internet Explorer on Server2, download and install Windows Management Framework 3.0. Answer: B Explanation: Original answer is A. When the DHCP role is installed, it appears that the firewall rules are automatically added. This means you only need to add the DHCP Manager MMC snap-in which is a Role Administration Tool feature. So the correct answer must be B. QUESTION 149 Your network contains two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2012 R2. Server1 is a DHCP server that is configured to have a scope named Scope1. Server2 is configured to obtain an IP address automatically. In Scope1, you create a reservation named Res\_Server2 for Server2. A technician replaces the network adapter on Server2. You need to ensure that Server2 can obtain the same IP address. What should you modify on Server1? A. The Advanced settings of Res\_Server2 B. The MAC address of Res Server2 C. The Network Access Protection Settings of Scope1 D. The Name Protection settings of Scope1 Answer: B QUESTION 150 Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. An organizational unit (OU) named OU1 contains the user accounts and the computer accounts for laptops and desktop computers. A Group Policy object (GPO) named GP1 is linked to OU1. You need to ensure that the configuration settings in GP1 are applied only to the laptops in OU1. The solution must ensure that GP1 is applied automatically to new laptops that are added to OU1. What should you do? A. Modify the GPO Status of GP1. B. Configure the WMI Filter of GP1. C. Modify the security settings of GP1. D. Modify the security settings of OU1. Answer: B If you want to prepare for 70-410 exam in shortest time, with minimum effort but for most effective result, you can use Greatexam 70-410 Practice Test which simulates the actual testing environment and allows you to focus on various sections of 70-410 Exam. Our candidates walk into the testing room as confident as a Certification Administrator. So you can pass the exam without any question.

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