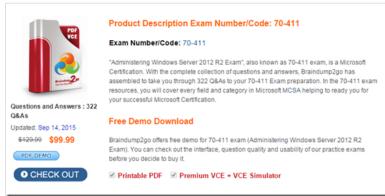
Microsoft 70-411 Exam Official Guide Shared By Braindump2go 100% Passing Exam (171-180)

MICROSOFT OFFICIAL: New Updated 70-411 Exam Questions from Braindump2go 70-411 PDF Dumps and 70-411 VCE Dumps! Welcome to Download the Newest Braindump2go 70-411 VCE&PDF Dumps:

http://www.braindump2go.com/70-411.html (322 Q&As) Braindump2go New Released 70-411 Microsoft Exam Dumps Free Download Today! All 322q 70-411 Exam Questions are the new updated from Microsoft Official Exam Center.Braindump2go Offers 70-411 PDF Dumps and 70-411 VCE Dumps for free Download Now! 100% pass 70-411 Certification Exam! Exam Code: 70-411Exam Name Administering Windows Server 2012Certification Provider: MicrosoftCorresponding Certifications: MCSA, MCSA: Windows Server 2012, MCSE; Desktop Infrastructure, MCSE: Private Cloud, MCSE: Server Infrastructure Keywords:70-411 Dumps,70-411 Microsoft Exam Questions,70-411 VCE,70-411 PDF,70-411 Practice Exams,70-411 Practice

Tests,70-411 Book,70-411 Study Guide
Administering Windows Server 2012 R2 Exam: 70-411



QUESTION 171Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two servers named Server1 and Server2. Both servers run Windows Server 2012 R2. Both servers have the File and Storage Services server role, the DFS Namespace role service, and the DFS Replication role service installed. Server1 and Server2 are part of a Distributed File System (DFS) Replication group named Group1. Server1 and Server2 are connected by using a high-speed LAN connection. You need to minimize the amount of processor resources consumed by DFS Replication. What should you do? A. Reduce the bandwidth usage.B. Disable Remote Differential Compression (RDC).C. Modify the staging quota.D. Modify the replication schedule. Answer: BExplanation:Because disabling RDC can help conserve disk input/output (I/O) and CPU resources, you might want to disable RDC on a connection if the sending and receiving members are in a local area network (LAN), and bandwidth use is not a concern. However, in a LAN environment where bandwidth is contended, RDC can be beneficial when transferring large files. Question tells it uses a high-speed LAN connection. http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc758825%28v=ws.10%29.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754229.aspx QUESTION 172Your company has a main office and two branch offices. The main office is located in New York. The branch offices are located in Seattle and Chicago. The network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. An Active Directory site exists for each office. Active Directory site links exist between the main office and the branch offices. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2. The domain contains three file servers. The file servers are configured as shown in the following table. Server name Server location

You implement a Distributed File System (DFS) replication group named Rep1Group.Rep1Group is used to replicate a folder on each file server. Rep1Group uses a hub and spoke topology. NYC-SVR1 is configured as the hub server. You need to ensure that replication can occur if NYC-SVR1 fails. What should you do? A. Create an Active Directory site link.B. Modify the properties of Rep1Group.C. Create an Active Directory site link bridge.D. Create a connection in Rep1lGroup. Answer: DExplanation: http://faultbucket.ca/2012/08/fixing-a-dfsr-connection-problem/ http://faultbucket.ca/2012/08/fixing-a-dfsr-connection-pro

New York office

Seat le office

Chicago office

FIC-SVR1

SEA-SVRI

CHI-SVR1

installed on Server1.Which tool should you use? A. Ocsetup.exeB. Servermanagercmd.exeC. Imagex.exeD. Dism.exe Answer: DExplanation:servermanagercmd.exe - The ServerManagerCmd.exe command-line tool has been deprecated in WindowsServer 2008 R2.imagex.exe - ImageX is a command-line tool in Windows Vista that you can use to create and manageWindows image (.wim) files. A .wim file contains one or more volume images, disk volumes that containimages of an installed Windows operating system. dism.exe - Deployment Image Servicing and Management (DISM.exe) is a command-line tool that canbe used to service a Windows?image or to prepare a Windows Preinstallation Environment (WindowsPE) image. It replaces Package Manager (Pkgmgr.exe), PEimg, and Intlcfg that were included inWindows Vista? The functionality that was included in these tools is now consolidated in one tool(DISM.exe), and new functionality has been added to improve the experience for offline servicing. DISMcan Add, remove, and enumerate packages. ocsetup.exe - The Ocsetup.exe tool is used as a wrapper for Package Manager (Pkgmgr.exe) and for WindowsInstaller (Msiexec.exe). Ocsetup.exe is a command-line utility that can be used to perform scripted installs andscripted uninstalls of Windows optional components. The Ocsetup.exe tool replaces the Sysocmgr.exe tool

that Windows XP and Windows Server 2003i use.

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh824822.aspx

http://blogs.technet.com/b/joscon/archive/2010/08/26/adding-features-with-dism.aspx

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh821809.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh825265.aspx QUESTION 174Your domain has contains a Windows 8 computer name Computer1 using BitLocker. The E: drive is encrypted and currently locked. You need to unlock the E: drive with the recovery key stored on C:What should you run? A. Unlock-BitLockerB. Suspend-BitLockerC. Enable-BitLockerAutoUnlocD. Disable-BitLocker Answer: AExplanation:A. Restores access to data on a BitLocker volume. http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj649833(v=wps.620).aspx QUESTION 175Your network contains and active Directory domain named contoso.com. The doman contains a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2 A local account named Admin1 is a member of the Administrators group on Server1. You need to generate an audit event whenever Admin1 is denied access to a file or folder. What should you run? A. auditpol.exe /set /user:admin1 /category:"detailed tracking" /failure:enableB. auditpol.exe /set/user:admin1 /failure:enableC. auditpol.exe /resourcesacl /set /type:keyauditpol.exe /resourcesacl /set /type: /access:gaD. auditpol.exe /resourcesacl /set /type:file /user:admin1 /failure Answer: DExplanation: http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff625687.aspx set a global resource SACL to audit successful and failed attempts by a user to perform generic read and write functions on files or folders:auditpol /resourceSACL /set /type:File /user:MYDOMAINmyuser /success /failure /access:FRFW

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff625687% 28v=ws.10% 29.aspx
Syntaxauditpol /resourceSACL[/set /type:<resource> [/success] [/failure] /user:<user> [/access:<access flags>]] [/remove /type:<resource> /user:<user> [/type:<resource>]] [/view [/user:<user>]] [/type:<resource>]]

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff625687%28v=ws.10%29.aspx

 $\frac{http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff625687\%28v=ws.10\%29.aspx}{http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff625687\%28v=ws.10\%29.aspx}\frac{http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff625687\%28v=ws.10\%29.aspx}{QUESTION~176Your~network~contains~an~Active}$

Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a file server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2.You

view the effective policy settings of Server1 as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

You need to ensure that an entry is added to the event log whenever a local user account is created or deleted on Server1. What should you do? A. In Servers GPO, modify the Advanced Audit Configuration settings.B. On Server1, attach a task to the security log.C. In Servers GPO, modify the Audit Policy settings.D. On Server1, attach a task to the system log. Answer: A Explanation: When you use Advanced Audit Policy Configuration settings, you need to confirm that these settings are not overwritten by basic audit policy settings. The following procedure shows how to prevent conflicts by blocking the application of any basic audit policy settings. Enabling Advanced Audit Policy Configuration Basic and advanced audit policy configurations should not be mixed. As such, it's best practice to enable Audit: Force audit policy subcategory settings (Windows Vista or later) to override audit policy category settings in Group Policy to make sure that basic auditing is disabled. The setting can be found under Computer ConfigurationPoliciesSecurity SettingsLocal PoliciesSecurity Options, and sets the SCENoApplyLegacyAuditPolicy registry key to prevent basic auditing being applied using Group Policy and the Local Security Policy MMC snap-in. In Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2, the number of audit settings for which success and failure can be tracked has increased to 53. Previously, there were nine basic auditing settings under Computer ConfigurationPoliciesWindows SettingsSecurity SettingsLocal Policies Audit Policy. These 53 new settings allow you to select only the behaviors that you want to monitor and exclude audit results for behaviors that are of little or no concern to you, or behaviors that create an excessive number of log entries. In addition, because Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2 security audit policy can be applied by using domain Group Policy, audit policy settings can be modified, tested, and deployed to selected users and groups with relative simplicity. Audit Policy settings Any changes to user account and resource permissions. Any failed attempts for user logon. Any failed attempts for resource access. Any modification to the system files. Advanced Audit Configuration Settings Audit compliance with important business-related and security-related rules by tracking precisely defined activities, such as:A group administrator has modified settings or data on servers that contain finance information. An employee within a defined group has accessed an important file. The correct system access control list (SACL) is applied to every file and folder or registry key on a computer or file share as a verifiable safeguard against undetected access. In Servers GPO, modify the Audit Policy settings - enabling audit account management setting will generate events about account creation, deletion and so on.Advanced Audit Configuration Settings Advanced Audit Configuration Settings

->Audit Policy-> Account Management -> Audit User Account Management



In Servers GPO, modify the Audit Policy settings - enabling audit account management setting will generate events about account creation, deletion and so on.



http://blogs.technet.com/b/abizerh/archive/2010/05/27/tracing-down-user-and-computer-account-deletion-in-active-directory.aspx
http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd772623%28v=ws.10%29.aspx
http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj852202(v=ws.10).aspx
http://www.petri.co.il/enable-advanced-audit-policy-configuration-windows-server.htm

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd408940%28v=ws.10%29.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd408940%28v=ws.10%29.aspx#BKMK_step2 QUESTION 177You have 3 server that

runs Windows Server 2012 R2. The server contains the disks configured as shown in the following table.

Disk name	Partition table type	Disk storage type
Disk 0	GPT	Dynamic
0 7 7 7	MERCLULIN	119200
Disk 2	GPT	Dynamic
Disk 3	GPT	Dynamic
Disk 4	MBR	Basic

You need to create a volume that can store up to 3 TB of user files. The solution must ensure that the user files are available if one of the disks in the volume fails. What should you create? A. A storage pool on Disk 2 and Disk 3B. A mirrored volume on Disk 2 and Disk 3C. A storage pool on Disk 1 and Disk 3D. A mirrored volume on Disk 1 and Disk 4E. Raid 5 Volume out of Disks 1, 2 and 3 Answer: BExplanation: A. Storage pool can't use Dynamic diskB. Mirrored volume will be > 3TbC. Storage pool can't use Dynamic diskD. is impossible, we need 3Tb of disk spaceE. Raid5 need to be on dynamic disk QUESTION 178You perform a Server Core Installation of Windows Server 2012 R2 on a server named Server1. You need to add a graphical user interface (GUI) to Server1. Which tool should you use? A. the Add-WindowsPackagecmdletB. the Add-WindowsFeaturecmdletC. Install-Module cmdletD. the Install-RoleServicecmdlet Answer: B QUESTION 179Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a Web server named www.contoso.com. The Web server is available on the Internet. You implement DirectAccess by using the default configuration. You need to ensure that users never attempt to connect to www.contoso.com by using DirectAccess. The solution must not prevent the users from using DirectAccess to access other resources in contoso.com. Which settings should you configure in a Group Policy object (GPO)? A. Name Resolution PolicyB. DNS ClientC. Network ConnectionsD. DirectAccess Client Experience Settings Answer: AExplanation:For DirectAccess, the NRPT must be configured with the namespaces of your intranet with a leading dot (for example, .internal.contoso.com or .corp.contoso.com). For a DirectAccess client, any name request that matches one of these namespaces will be sent to the specified intranet Domain Name System (DNS) servers. Include all intranet DNS namespaces that you want DirectAccess client computers to access. There are no command line methods for configuring NRPT rules. You must use Group Policy settings. To configure the NRPT through Group Policy, use the Group Policy add-in at Computer Configuration Policies Windows Settings Name Resolution Policy in the Group Policy object for DirectAccess clients. You can create a new NRPT rule and edit or delete existing rules. For more information, see Configure the NRPT with Group Policy. QUESTION 180You have a DNS server named Server1. Server1 has a primary zone named contoso.com. Zone Aging/ Scavenging is configured for the contoso.com zone. One month ago, an Administrator removed a server named Server2 from the network. You discover that a static resource record for Server2 is present in contoso.com. Resource records for decommissioned client computers are removed automatically from contoso.com. You need to ensure that the static resource records for all of the servers are removed automatically from contoso.com. What should you modify? The Security settings of the static resource recordsB. The Expires after value of contoso.comC. The Record time stamp value of the static resource recordsD. The time-to-live (TTL) value of the static resource records Answer: CExplanation:C. reset and permit them to use a current (non-zero) time stamp value. This enables these records to become aged and scavenged.D. For most resource records, this field is optional. It indicates a length of time used by other DNS servers to determine how long to cache information for a record before expiring and discarding it. http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc771677.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc758321(v=ws.10).aspx Braindump2go New Published Exam Dumps: Microsoft 70-411 Practice Tests Questions, 322 Latest Questions and Answers from Official Exam Centre Guarantee You a 100% Pass! Free

Download Instantly! Administering Windows Server 2012 R2 Exam: 70-411 Product Description Exam Number/Code: 70-411 Exam Number/Code: 70-411 inistering Windows Server 2012 R2 Exam", also known as 70-411 exam, is a Microsoft Certification. With the complete collection of questions and answers, Braindump2go has assembled to take you through 322 Q&As to your 70-411 Exam preparation. In the 70-411 exam resources, you will cover every field and category in Microsoft MCSA helping to ready you for your successful Microsoft Certification. Q&As Free Demo Download Updated: Sep 14, 2015 \$120.00 \$99.99 Braindump2go offers free demo for 70-411 exam (Administering Windows Server 2012 R2 Exam). You can check out the interface, question quality and usability of our practice PDE DEMO before you decide to buy it. O CHECK OUT ✓ Printable PDF ✓ Premium VCE + VCE Simulator

FREE DOWNLOAD: NEW UPDATED 70-411 PDF Dumps & VCE Dumps from Braindump2go:

http://www.braindump2go.com/70-411.html (322 Q&As)