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QUESTION 181 Drag and Drop Question You are a developer of a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 database instance that supports a web-based order-entry application. You need to create a server-side trace that meets the following requirements: Which four actions should you perform in sequence? (To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

Create a server-side trace by using the SQL Server Profiler tool. Configure the trace to start at 05:00 hours and to stop at 05:30 hours.

Save the trace information to a SQL table.

Save the trace information to a trace file.

Export this trace file to a SQL script.

Create a server-side trace by using the SQL Server Profiler tool. Configure the trace to stop at 05:30 hours.

Create a SQL Server Agent job by using the exported SQL script. Schedule the job to start at 05:00 hours daily.

Answer:

Create a server-side trace by using the SQL Server Profiler tool. Configure the trace to start at 05:00 hours and to stop at 05:30 hours.

Save the trace information to a SQL table.

Save the trace information to a trace file.

Export this trace file to a SQL script.

Create a server-side trace by using the SQL Server Profiler tool. Configure the trace to stop at 05:30 hours.

Create a SQL Server Agent job by using the exported SQL script. Schedule the job to start at 05:00 hours daily.

QUESTION 182 You create a stored procedure that contains proprietary formulas. You need to ensure that no users are able to access Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio to view the definition of the stored procedure. Which code segment should you use?

- A. `CREATE PROCEDURE Sales.uspFormula WITH EXECUTE AS SELF`
- B. `CREATE PROCEDURE Sales.uspFormula WITH ENCRYPTION`
- C. `CREATE PROCEDURE Sales.uspFormula WITH EXECUTE AS OWNER`
- D. `CREATE PROCEDURE Sales.uspFormula WITH RECOMPILE`

A. Option AB. Option BC. Option CD. Option D Answer: B QUESTION 183 Drag and Drop Question You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 database that includes a table named Products. The Products table has the following schema:

```
CREATE TABLE dbo.Products
(
    ProductID nchar(4) NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
    ProductName nvarchar(50) NOT NULL,
    ProductDescription nvarchar(255) NOT NULL,
    UnitCost money NOT NULL,
    UnitPrice money NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT PK_Products
    FOREIGN KEY (ProductID)
    REFERENCES dbo.Products (ProductID ASC)
)
GO
```

You create a User-Defined Function (UDF) in the same database. The UDF has the following schema:

```
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4))
RETURNS Money
WITH SCHEMABINDING
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID;
    RETURN @Profit;
END
```

You need to meet the following requirements: Which three Transact-SQL statements should you use? (To answer, move the appropriate statements from the list of statements to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

DROP TABLE Products
DROP FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice Money NULL
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice Money NOT NULL
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4)) RETURNS Money WITH SCHEMABINDING AS BEGIN DECLARE @Profit Money; SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID; RETURN @Profit; END
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4)) RETURNS Money AS BEGIN DECLARE @Profit Money; SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID; RETURN @Profit; END
CREATE FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4)) RETURNS Money WITH SCHEMABINDING AS BEGIN DECLARE @Profit Money; SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID; RETURN @Profit; END

Answer:

DROP TABLE Products	DROP FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit
DROP FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit	
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice Money NULL	ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice Money NOT NULL
ALTER TABLE Products ALTER COLUMN UnitPrice Money NOT NULL	
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4)) RETURNS Money WITH SCHEMABINDING AS BEGIN DECLARE @Profit Money; SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID; RETURN @Profit; END	CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4)) RETURNS Money WITH SCHEMABINDING AS BEGIN DECLARE @Profit Money; SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID; RETURN @Profit; END
CREATE FUNCTION dbo.CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4)) RETURNS Money AS BEGIN DECLARE @Profit Money; SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM dbo.Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID; RETURN @Profit; END	
CREATE FUNCTION CalculateProductProfit (@ProductID nchar(4)) RETURNS Money WITH SCHEMABINDING AS BEGIN DECLARE @Profit Money; SELECT @Profit = UnitPrice - UnitCost FROM Products WHERE ProductID = @ProductID; RETURN @Profit; END	

QUESTION 184 You need to identify which products will be inserted when you execute the following code block. Which products will be inserted?

```
BEGIN TRANSACTION
INSERT INTO Product (ProductName) VALUES ('food')
COMMIT TRANSACTION
ROLLBACK TRANSACTION
```

A. Beverage B. Food and beverage C. None D. Food Answer: C QUESTION 185 You develop a new stored procedure for an

existing database. You create two tables named Customer and Orders. The tables have the following definitions:

```
CREATE TABLE Customer
(CustomerID int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY
, CustomerName nvarchar(255) NOT NULL
, LowerAddress nvarchar(1024) NOT NULL)
CREATE TABLE Orders
(OrderID int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
, CustomerID int NOT NULL FOREIGN KEY
, OrderDetails nvarchar(MAX))
```

Users are restricted from accessing table objects directly. You need to ensure that users are able to retrieve customer data. You need to create a stored procedure that meets the following requirements: Which Transact-SQL statement or statements should you use?

- A. INSERT INTO Sales.SalesOrderHeader VALUES (4, 'sale', '123 Main St', '12/15/2018', '12/15/2018', 1, 'John Doe', '1234567890', 100.00);
- B. INSERT INTO Sales.SalesOrderHeader VALUES (4, 'sale', '123 Main St', '12/15/2018', '12/15/2018', 1, 'John Doe', '1234567890', 100.00);
- C. INSERT INTO Sales.SalesOrderHeader VALUES (4, 'sale', '123 Main St', '12/15/2018', '12/15/2018', 1, 'John Doe', '1234567890', 100.00);
- D. CREATE PROCEDURE GetCustomerData AS SELECT c.CustomerName FROM Customer c; INNER JOIN Sales.SalesOrderHeader s ON s.CustomerID = c.CustomerID GROUP BY c.CustomerName;

A. Option AB. Option BC. Option CD. Option D Answer: B QUESTION 186 Drag and Drop Question You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 database that contains a table named Sales.SalesOrderHeader. The Sales.SalesOrderHeader table has the following definition:

```
CREATE TABLE [Sales].[SalesOrderHeader] (
  [SalesOrderID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
  [OrderDate] [datetime] NOT NULL,
  [DueDate] [datetime] NOT NULL,
  [ShipDate] [datetime] NULL,
  [Status] [tinyint] NOT NULL,
  [CustomerID] [int] NOT NULL,
  [SalesPersonID] [int] NULL,
  [TaxAmt] [money] NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT [PK_OrderHeader_SalesOrderID]
  PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
  (
    [SalesOrderID] ASC
  )
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO
```

You want to generate an execution plan of XML output document for a query that displays all Sales.SalesOrderHeader records containing orders that have not been shipped. You need to ensure that the following requirements are met: Which three Transact-SQL statements should you use? (To answer, move the appropriate statements from the list of statements to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

- SET SHOWPLAN\_XML ON; GO
- SET SHOWPLAN\_XML OFF; GO
- SELECT \* FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader WHERE ShipDate = NULL GO
- GRANT SHOWPLAN XML ON TO SALES; GO
- GRANT SHOWPLAN XML OFF; GO
- SET STATISTICS XML ON; GO
- SET STATISTICS XML OFF; GO

Answer:

```

SET SHOWPLAN_XML ON;
GO

SET SHOWPLAN_XML OFF;
GO

SELECT *
FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader
WHERE ShipDate = NULL
GO

GRANT SHOWPLAN XML ON;
GO

GRANT SHOWPLAN XML OFF;
GO

SET STATISTICS XML ON;
GO

SET STATISTICS XML OFF;
GO
    
```

QUESTION 187 You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 database named AdventureWork that contains a table named Production.Product. The table has the following definition:

```

CREATE TABLE [Production].[Product] (
    [ProductID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
    [ProductName] [nvarchar](50) NOT NULL,
    [ListPrice] [money] NOT NULL,
    [ProductionDate] [datetime] NULL,
    [UserCreated] [nvarchar](128) NOT NULL,
    [DateCreated] [datetime] NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT [PK_Product_ProductID] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
    [ProductID] ASC
) ON [PRIMARY]
) ON [PRIMARY]
GO
    
```

You want to add a new product named Widget and a list price of 10.50 U.S. dollars to the product table. You need to add a record for the product information. You also need to set the DateCreated field to the current date and the UserCreated field to your Windows login identification name. Which Transact-SQL statement should you use?

- A. INSERT INTO [Production].[Product] (ProductName, ListPrice, DateCreated) values ('Widget', 10.50, GETDATE())
- B. INSERT INTO [Production].[Product] (ProductID, ProductName, ListPrice, UserCreated, DateCreated) select 1, 'Widget', 10.50, system\_user, GETDATE()
- C. INSERT INTO [Production].[Product] (ProductName, ListPrice, UserCreated, ProductionDate) select 'Widget', 10.50, user\_id(), GETDATE()
- D. INSERT INTO [Production].[Product] (ProductName, ListPrice, UserCreated) values ('Widget', 10.50, system\_user)

A. Option AB. Option BC. Option CD. Option D Answer: B QUESTION 188 You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 database that has a table named Customer. The table has the following definition:

```

CREATE TABLE Customer
(CustomerID int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
FirstName varchar(255) NOT NULL,
LastName varchar(255) NOT NULL,
CustomerAddress varchar(1024))
    
```

The database also has a table named PreferredCustomerList. Data will be added to the PreferredCustomerList table regularly. The PreferredCustomerList table has the following definition:

```

CREATE TABLE PreferredCustomerList
(FirstName varchar(255) NOT NULL,
LastName varchar(255) NOT NULL)
    
```

You need to create a view that returns all records and columns of the Customer table that are also present in the PreferredCustomerList table. Which Transact-SQL statement should you use?

- A. CREATE VIEW vw\_ValidCustomer  
AS  
SELECT c.CustomerID,  
c.FirstName,  
c.LastName,  
c.CustomerAddress  
FROM Customer c  
LEFT OUTER JOIN PreferredCustomerList cel  
ON c.Firstname = cel.FirstName  
AND c.LastName = cel.LastName  
WHERE cel.LastName IS NULL
- B. CREATE VIEW vw\_ValidCustomer  
AS  
SELECT c.CustomerID,  
c.FirstName,  
c.LastName,  
c.CustomerAddress  
FROM Customer c  
INTERSECT  
SELECT c.CustomerID,  
c.FirstName,  
c.LastName,  
c.CustomerAddress  
FROM Customer c  
INNER JOIN PreferredCustomerList cel  
ON c.Firstname = cel.FirstName  
AND c.LastName = cel.LastName
- C. CREATE VIEW vw\_ValidCustomer  
AS  
SELECT c.CustomerID,  
c.FirstName,  
c.LastName,  
c.CustomerAddress  
FROM Customer c  
LEFT OUTER JOIN PreferredCustomerList cel  
ON c.Firstname = cel.FirstName  
AND c.LastName = cel.LastName  
WHERE cel.FirstName IS NULL
- D. CREATE VIEW vw\_ValidCustomer  
AS  
SELECT FirstName,  
LastName  
FROM Customer c  
EXCEPT  
SELECT FirstName,  
LastName  
FROM PreferredCustomerList

A. Option AB. Option BC. Option CD. Option D Answer: B QUESTION 189 You administer a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 instance configured to use Windows Authentication. The database contains a table named CustomerTransaction that has the following definition:

```
CREATE TABLE dbo.CustomerTransaction
(
    CustomerTransactionId int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
    CustomerId int NOT NULL,
    TransactionAmount money NOT NULL )
```

You define the following table:

```
CREATE TABLE dbo.CustomerWarningLog(
    CustomerWarningLogId int NOT NULL identity PRIMARY KEY,
    CustomerId int NOT NULL,
    ErrorMessage nvarchar(255) NOT NULL,
    LogTime datetime2(0) NOT NULL,
    LogUserName nvarchar(128) NOT NULL)
```

You need to ensure that the following requirements are met: Which Transact-SQL statement or statements should you use?

```

C A. CREATE TRIGGER dbo.CustomerTransaction_InsertUpdateTrigger
ON dbo.CustomerTransaction
FOR INSERT, UPDATE
AS

IF UPDATE(CustomerID) or UPDATE(TransactionAmount)
WITH TotalCTE AS
(SELECT CustomerId, SUM(TransactionAmount) AS Balance
FROM dbo.CustomerTransaction
WHERE CustomerId in (SELECT CustomerId
FROM inserted
UNION ALL
SELECT CustomerId
FROM deleted)
GROUP BY CustomerId)
INSERT dbo. CustomerWarningLog(
CustomerId, Balance, LogTime, LogUserName)
SELECT CustomerId, Balance, SYSDATETIME(), USER_NAME()
FROM TotalForCustomer
WHERE TotalCTE.Amount < 100

GO
    
```

```

C B. CREATE TRIGGER dbo.CustomerTransaction_InsertUpdateDeleteTrigger
ON dbo.CustomerTransaction
FOR INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
AS

WITH TotalCTE AS
(SELECT CustomerId, SUM(TransactionAmount) AS Balance
FROM dbo.CustomerTransaction
WHERE CustomerId in (SELECT CustomerId
FROM inserted
)
GROUP BY CustomerId)
INSERT dbo. CustomerWarningLog(
CustomerId, Balance, LogTime, LogUserName)
SELECT CustomerId, Balance, SYSDATETIME(), USER_SNAME()
FROM TotalForCustomer
WHERE TotalCTE.Amount <= 100

GO

C C. CREATE TRIGGER dbo.CustomerTransaction_InsertUpdateDeleteTrigger
ON dbo.CustomerTransaction
FOR INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
AS

DECLARE @CustomerId int, @Balance money

WITH TotalCTE AS
(SELECT CustomerId, SUM(TransactionAmount) AS Balance
FROM dbo.CustomerTransaction
WHERE CustomerId in (SELECT CustomerId
FROM inserted
UNION ALL
SELECT CustomerId
FROM deleted)
GROUP BY CustomerId)

SELECT @CustomerId = CustomerId,
@Balance = TransactionAmount
FROM TotalForCustomer
WHERE TotalCTE.Amount < 100

IF @CustomerId IS NULL
INSERT dbo. CustomerWarningLog(
CustomerId, Balance, LogTime, LogUserName)
SELECT @CustomerId, @Balance, SYSDATETIME(), USER_SNAME()

GO

C D. CREATE TRIGGER dbo.CustomerTransaction_InsertUpdateDeleteTrigger
ON dbo.CustomerTransaction
FOR INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
AS

IF UPDATE(CustomerID) or UPDATE(TransactionAmount)
WITH TotalCTE AS
(SELECT CustomerId, SUM(TransactionAmount) AS Balance
FROM dbo.CustomerTransaction
WHERE CustomerId in (SELECT CustomerId
FROM inserted
UNION ALL
SELECT CustomerId
FROM deleted)
GROUP BY CustomerId)
INSERT dbo. CustomerWarningLog(
CustomerId, Balance, LogTime, LogUserName)
SELECT CustomerId, Balance, SYSDATETIME(), USER_SNAME()
FROM TotalForCustomer
WHERE TotalCTE.Amount < 100

GO
    
```

A. Option AB. Option BC. Option CD. Option D Answer: D QUESTION 190 Drag and Drop Question You administer a database named Contoso running on a Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 instance. You plan to implement custom error handling in your application. You need to implement custom error handling that meets the following requirements: Which three Transact-SQL statements should you use? (To answer, move the appropriate statements from the list of statements to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

- DECLARE @ProcessID INT;  
DECLARE @ProcessName NVARCHAR(150);  
SET @ProcessID = @@SPID;  
SET @ProcessName = DB\_NAME();
- DECLARE @ProcessID INT;  
DECLARE @ProcessName INT;  
SET @ProcessID = @@SPID;  
SET @ProcessName = @@DB\_NAME;
- EXECUTE sp\_addmessage 50025, 10, N'Session ID: %d returned an error in the database: %s.';
- EXECUTE sp\_addmessage 50025, 10, N'Session ID: %d returned an error in the database: %s.';
- RAISERROR (50000, @ProcessID, @ProcessName, 10, 1)
- RAISERROR (50025, 10, 1, @ProcessID, @ProcessName)
- RAISERROR (50000, @ProcessID, @ProcessName, 14, 1)
- RAISERROR(50025, 10, 1, @@SPID, DB\_NAME())

Answer:

```

DECLARE @ProcessID INT;
DECLARE @ProcessName NVARCHAR(150);
SET @ProcessID = @@SPID;
SET @ProcessName = DB_NAME();

EXECUTE sp_addmessage 50025, 10, N'Session
ID: %d returned an error in the database: %
s.'

DECLARE @ProcessID INT;
DECLARE @ProcessName INT;
SET @ProcessID = @@SPID;
SET @ProcessName = @DB_NAME;

EXECUTE sp_addmessage 50025, 10, N'Session
ID: %d returned an error in the database: %
s.'

EXECUTE sp_addmessage 50025, 10, N'Session
ID: %d returned an error in the database: %
s.'

RAISERROR (50000, @ProcessID, @ProcessName,
10, 1)

RAISERROR (50025, 10, 1, @ProcessID,
@ProcessName)

RAISERROR (50000, @ProcessID, @ProcessName,
16, 1)

RAISERROR(50025, 10, 1, @@SPID, DB_NAME() )
    
```

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